



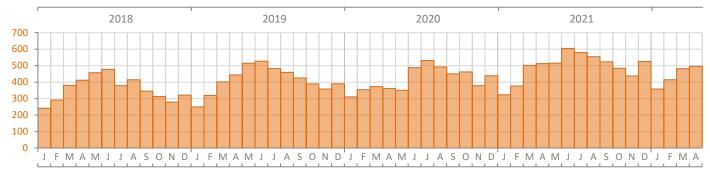
Summary Statistics	April 2022	April 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Closed Sales	496	512	-3.1%
Paid in Cash	77	62	24.2%
Median Sale Price	\$355,000	\$299,500	18.5%
Average Sale Price	\$499,279	\$411,817	21.2%
Dollar Volume	\$247.6 Million	\$210.9 Million	17.4%
Median Percent of Original List Price Received	100.4%	100.0%	0.4%
Median Time to Contract	5 Days	5 Days	0.0%
Median Time to Sale	48 Days	47 Days	2.1%
New Pending Sales	506	569	-11.1%
New Listings	621	551	12.7%
Pending Inventory	801	956	-16.2%
Inventory (Active Listings)	462	347	33.1%
Months Supply of Inventory	0.9	0.8	12.5%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,749	2.1%
April 2022	496	-3.1%
March 2022	481	-4.2%
February 2022	414	10.1%
January 2022	358	10.8%
December 2021	525	19.9%
November 2021	437	15.6%
October 2021	484	4.8%
September 2021	523	16.2%
August 2021	554	12.6%
July 2021	579	9.0%
June 2021	604	23.8%
May 2021	515	47.1%
April 2021	512	41.8%



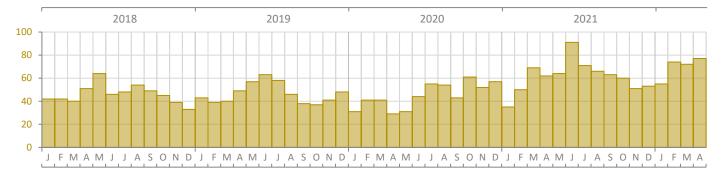


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	278	28.7%
April 2022	77	24.2%
March 2022	72	4.3%
February 2022	74	48.0%
January 2022	55	57.1%
December 2021	53	-7.0%
November 2021	51	-1.9%
October 2021	60	-1.6%
September 2021	63	46.5%
August 2021	66	22.2%
July 2021	71	29.1%
June 2021	91	106.8%
May 2021	64	106.5%
April 2021	62	113.8%



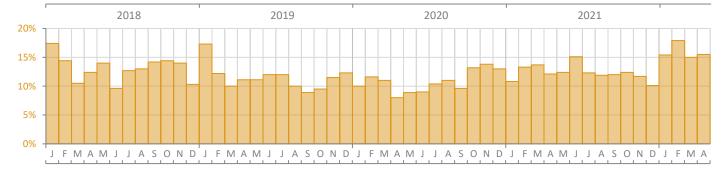
Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Month	Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	15.9%	26.2%
April 2022	15.5%	28.1%
March 2022	15.0%	9.5%
February 2022	17.9%	34.6%
January 2022	15.4%	42.6%
December 2021	10.1%	-22.3%
November 2021	11.7%	-15.2%
October 2021	12.4%	-6.1%
September 2021	12.0%	25.0%
August 2021	11.9%	8.2%
July 2021	12.3%	18.3%
June 2021	15.1%	67.8%
May 2021	12.4%	39.3%
April 2021	12.1%	51.3%







Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$340,000	17.2%
April 2022	\$355,000	18.5%
March 2022	\$332,500	10.5%
February 2022	\$330,450	20.2%
January 2022	\$324,400	19.0%
December 2021	\$321,900	15.0%
November 2021	\$313,000	13.8%
October 2021	\$311,250	13.2%
September 2021	\$305,000	10.9%
August 2021	\$310,500	14.2%
July 2021	\$315,000	12.4%
June 2021	\$301,150	11.5%
May 2021	\$310,000	19.5%
April 2021	\$299,500	16.5%

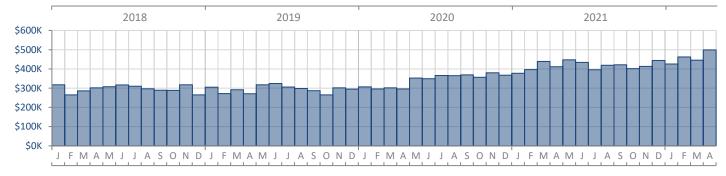


Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$460,743	12.4%
April 2022	\$499,279	21.2%
March 2022	\$445,542	1.4%
February 2022	\$462,163	16.6%
January 2022	\$426,134	12.9%
December 2021	\$444,262	21.0%
November 2021	\$413,323	8.8%
October 2021	\$401,656	12.5%
September 2021	\$421,408	14.2%
August 2021	\$419,007	14.9%
July 2021	\$395,584	8.2%
June 2021	\$433,706	24.2%
May 2021	\$447,717	27.0%
April 2021	\$411,817	39.0%



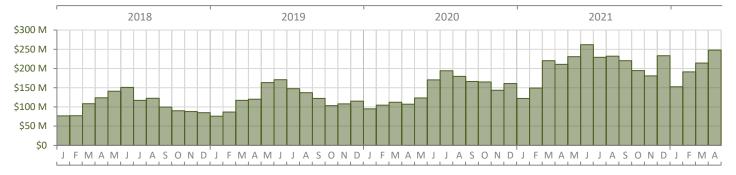


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$805.8 Million	14.7%
April 2022	\$247.6 Million	17.4%
March 2022	\$214.3 Million	-2.8%
February 2022	\$191.3 Million	28.4%
January 2022	\$152.6 Million	25.1%
December 2021	\$233.2 Million	45.0%
November 2021	\$180.6 Million	25.8%
October 2021	\$194.4 Million	17.9%
September 2021	\$220.4 Million	32.7%
August 2021	\$232.1 Million	29.4%
July 2021	\$229.0 Million	18.0%
June 2021	\$262.0 Million	53.7%
May 2021	\$230.6 Million	86.9%
April 2021	\$210.9 Million	97.1%



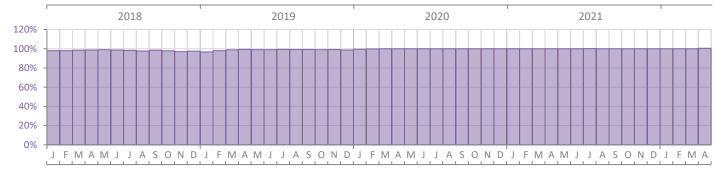
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	100.0%	0.0%
April 2022	100.4%	0.4%
March 2022	100.0%	0.0%
February 2022	100.0%	0.0%
January 2022	100.0%	0.0%
December 2021	100.0%	0.0%
November 2021	100.0%	0.0%
October 2021	100.0%	0.0%
September 2021	100.0%	0.0%
August 2021	100.0%	0.0%
July 2021	100.1%	0.2%
June 2021	100.0%	0.0%
May 2021	100.0%	0.0%
April 2021	100.0%	0.0%







Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	6 Days	-25.0%
April 2022	5 Days	0.0%
March 2022	5 Days	-28.6%
February 2022	8 Days	-46.7%
January 2022	9 Days	-30.8%
December 2021	10 Days	-16.7%
November 2021	11 Days	10.0%
October 2021	10 Days	-16.7%
September 2021	7 Days	-30.0%
August 2021	7 Days	-53.3%
July 2021	7 Days	-56.3%
June 2021	5 Days	-66.7%
May 2021	5 Days	-58.3%
April 2021	5 Days	-50.0%





Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Month	Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	51 Days	-3.8%
April 2022	48 Days	2.1%
March 2022	49 Days	-2.0%
February 2022	54 Days	-8.5%
January 2022	55 Days	-11.3%
December 2021	59 Days	3.5%
November 2021	55 Days	3.8%
October 2021	54 Days	-5.3%
September 2021	54 Days	-1.8%
August 2021	51 Days	-15.0%
July 2021	50 Days	-18.0%
June 2021	50 Days	-21.9%
May 2021	50 Days	-13.8%
April 2021	47 Days	-11.3%







New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	1,987	-6.4%
April 2022	506	-11.1%
March 2022	498	-15.4%
February 2022	488	3.6%
January 2022	495	0.2%
December 2021	407	10.0%
November 2021	418	6.9%
October 2021	475	3.5%
September 2021	517	18.6%
August 2021	508	-4.3%
July 2021	562	8.5%
June 2021	610	9.3%
May 2021	568	11.6%
April 2021	569	49.0%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	2,081	4.5%
April 2022	621	12.7%
March 2022	548	-7.0%
February 2022	466	4.7%
January 2022	446	9.6%
December 2021	353	9.6%
November 2021	420	12.6%
October 2021	443	-2.9%
September 2021	509	35.4%
August 2021	519	10.4%
July 2021	618	22.9%
June 2021	627	33.4%
May 2021	617	25.7%
April 2021	551	31.2%





Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	352	0.2%
April 2022	462	33.1%
March 2022	344	-1.7%
February 2022	290	-13.9%
January 2022	311	-15.9%
December 2021	352	-21.3%
November 2021	431	-14.7%
October 2021	455	-11.3%
September 2021	489	-5.2%
August 2021	494	-16.6%
July 2021	497	-23.8%
June 2021	435	-34.4%
May 2021	401	-47.4%
April 2021	347	-56.9%



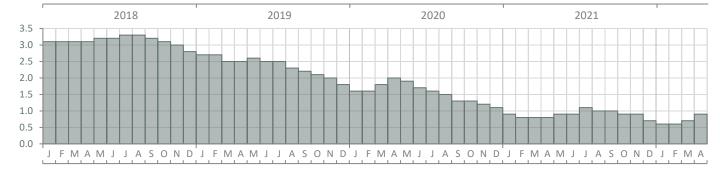
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	0.7	-12.5%
April 2022	0.9	12.5%
March 2022	0.7	-12.5%
February 2022	0.6	-25.0%
January 2022	0.6	-33.3%
December 2021	0.7	-36.4%
November 2021	0.9	-25.0%
October 2021	0.9	-30.8%
September 2021	1.0	-23.1%
August 2021	1.0	-33.3%
July 2021	1.1	-31.3%
June 2021	0.9	-47.1%
May 2021	0.9	-52.6%
April 2021	0.8	-60.0%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - April 2022 Single-Family Homes Okaloosa County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	2	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	3	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-88.9%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	22	-68.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	40	-48.7%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	65	-25.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	188	66.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	100	35.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	43	0.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	31	19.2%

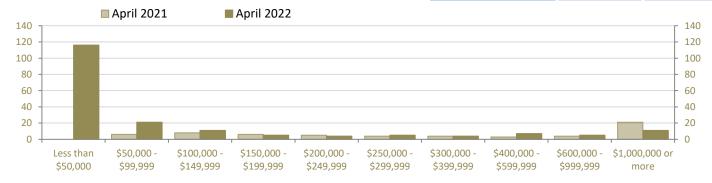


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	116 Days	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	21 Days	250.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	11 Days	37.5%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	5 Days	-16.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	4 Days	-20.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	5 Days	25.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	4 Days	0.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	7 Days	133.3%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	5 Days	25.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	11 Days	-47.6%





New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	1	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	5	66.7%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	5	-64.3%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	26	-53.6%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	73	-5.2%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	97	-9.3%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	167	12.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	138	76.9%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	61	69.4%
\$1,000,000 or more	48	50.0%

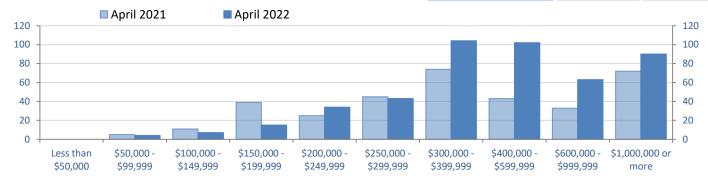


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	4	-20.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	7	-36.4%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	15	-61.5%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	34	36.0%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	43	-4.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	104	40.5%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	102	137.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	63	90.9%
\$1,000,000 or more	90	25.0%

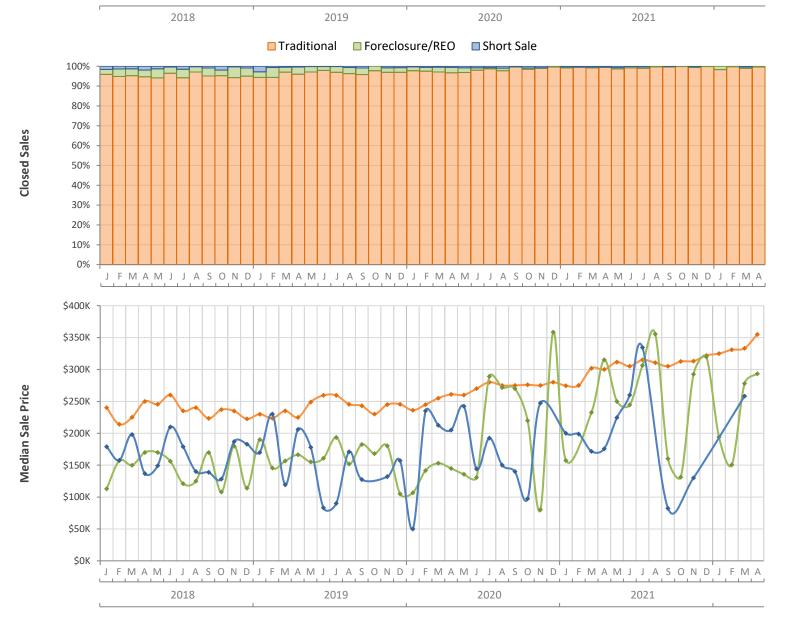


Monthly Distressed Market - April 2022 Single-Family Homes Okaloosa County





		April 2022	April 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Traditional	Closed Sales	494	509	-2.9%
Haultional	Median Sale Price	\$355,000	\$300,000	18.3%
Foreclosure/REO	Closed Sales	2	1	100.0%
	Median Sale Price	\$293,226	\$315,000	-6.9%
Short Sale	Closed Sales	0	2	-100.0%
SHULL SAIR	Median Sale Price	(No Sales)	\$175,763	N/A







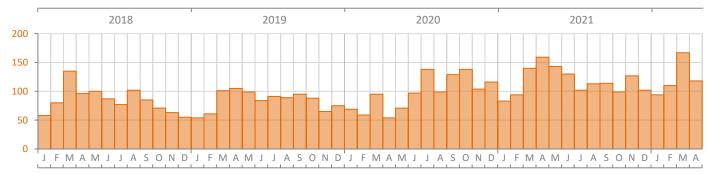
	Summary Statistics	April 2022	April 2021	Percent Change Year-over-Year
ľ	Closed Sales	118	159	-25.8%
	Paid in Cash	50	64	-21.9%
	Median Sale Price	\$520,500	\$362,500	43.6%
	Average Sale Price	\$656,636	\$403,870	62.6%
	Dollar Volume	\$77.5 Million	\$64.2 Million	20.7%
	Median Percent of Original List Price Received	100.0%	99.7%	0.3%
	Median Time to Contract	7 Days	13 Days	-46.2%
	Median Time to Sale	48 Days	54 Days	-11.1%
	New Pending Sales	115	153	-24.8%
	New Listings	140	144	-2.8%
	Pending Inventory	213	226	-5.8%
	Inventory (Active Listings)	177	205	-13.7%
	Months Supply of Inventory	1.5	1.8	-16.7%

Closed Sales

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Month	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	489	2.7%
April 2022	118	-25.8%
March 2022	167	19.3%
February 2022	110	17.0%
January 2022	94	13.3%
December 2021	102	-12.1%
November 2021	127	22.1%
October 2021	99	-28.3%
September 2021	114	-11.6%
August 2021	113	14.1%
July 2021	102	-26.1%
June 2021	130	34.0%
May 2021	143	101.4%
April 2021	159	194.4%



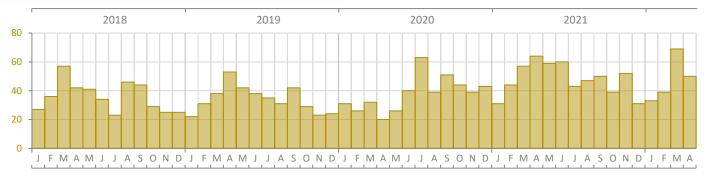


Cash Sales

The number of Closed Sales during the month in which buyers exclusively paid in cash

Economists' note: Cash Sales can be a useful indicator of the extent to which investors are participating in the market. Why? Investors are far more likely to have the funds to purchase a home available up front, whereas the typical homebuyer requires a mortgage or some other form of financing. There are, of course, many possible exceptions, so this statistic should be interpreted with care.

Month	Cash Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	191	-2.6%
April 2022	50	-21.9%
March 2022	69	21.1%
February 2022	39	-11.4%
January 2022	33	6.5%
December 2021	31	-27.9%
November 2021	52	33.3%
October 2021	39	-11.4%
September 2021	50	-2.0%
August 2021	47	20.5%
July 2021	43	-31.7%
June 2021	60	50.0%
May 2021	59	126.9%
April 2021	64	220.0%



Cash Sales as a Percentage of Closed Sales

The percentage of Closed Sales during the month which were Cash Sales

Economists' note: This statistic is simply another way of viewing Cash Sales. The remaining percentages of Closed Sales (i.e. those not paid fully in cash) each month involved some sort of financing, such as mortgages, owner/seller financing, assumed loans, etc.

Percent of Closed Sales Paid in Cash	Percent Change Year-over-Year
39.1%	-5.1%
42.4%	5.2%
41.3%	1.5%
35.5%	-24.1%
35.1%	-5.9%
30.4%	-18.1%
40.9%	9.1%
39.4%	23.5%
43.9%	11.1%
41.6%	5.6%
42.2%	-7.7%
46.2%	12.1%
41.3%	12.8%
40.3%	8.9%
	Sales Paid in Cash 39.1% 42.4% 41.3% 35.5% 35.1% 30.4% 40.9% 39.4% 43.9% 41.6% 42.2% 46.2% 41.3%





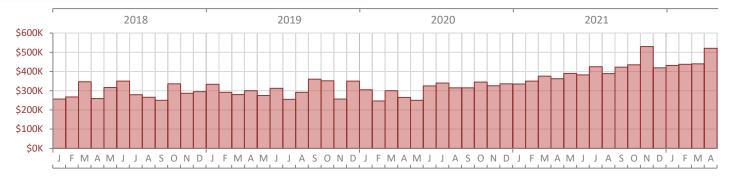


Median Sale Price

The median sale price reported for the month (i.e. 50% of sales were above and 50% of sales were below)

Economists' note: Median Sale Price is our preferred summary statistic for price activity because, unlike Average Sale Price, Median Sale Price is not sensitive to high sale prices for small numbers of homes that may not be characteristic of the market area. Keep in mind that median price trends over time are not always solely caused by changes in the general value of local real estate. Median sale price only reflects the values of the homes that *sold* each month, and the mix of the types of homes that sell can change over time.

Month	Median Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$455,000	25.5%
April 2022	\$520,500	43.6%
March 2022	\$440,100	17.2%
February 2022	\$437,500	25.0%
January 2022	\$431,500	28.8%
December 2021	\$419,000	24.7%
November 2021	\$530,000	62.8%
October 2021	\$435,000	26.1%
September 2021	\$422,500	34.1%
August 2021	\$389,000	23.5%
July 2021	\$425,000	25.0%
June 2021	\$382,500	17.7%
May 2021	\$390,000	56.0%
April 2021	\$362,500	36.5%



Average Sale Price

The average sale price reported for the month (i.e. total sales in dollars divided by the number of sales)

Economists' note: Usually, we prefer Median Sale Price over Average Sale Price as a summary statistic for home prices. However, Average Sale Price does have its uses—particularly when it is analyzed alongside the Median Sale Price. For one, the relative difference between the two statistics can provide some insight into the market for higher-end homes in an area.

Month	Average Sale Price	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$546,595	29.5%
April 2022	\$656,636	62.6%
March 2022	\$512,968	15.8%
February 2022	\$512,182	19.9%
January 2022	\$508,473	22.0%
December 2021	\$490,839	25.3%
November 2021	\$618,328	52.5%
October 2021	\$486,524	16.0%
September 2021	\$500,901	31.0%
August 2021	\$487,219	22.2%
July 2021	\$515,528	29.6%
June 2021	\$452,800	16.4%
May 2021	\$450,891	31.5%
April 2021	\$403,870	5.0%



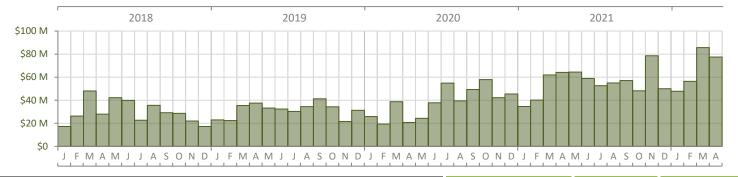


Dollar Volume

The sum of the sale prices for all sales which closed during the month

Economists' note: Dollar Volume is simply the sum of all sale prices in a given time period, and can quickly be calculated by multiplying Closed Sales by Average Sale Price. It is a strong indicator of the health of the real estate industry in a market, and is of particular interest to real estate professionals, investors, analysts, and government agencies. Potential home sellers and home buyers, on the other hand, will likely be better served by paying attention to trends in the two components of Dollar Volume (i.e. sales and prices) individually.

Month	Dollar Volume	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	\$267.3 Million	33.0%
April 2022	\$77.5 Million	20.7%
March 2022	\$85.7 Million	38.2%
February 2022	\$56.3 Million	40.3%
January 2022	\$47.8 Million	38.2%
December 2021	\$50.1 Million	10.2%
November 2021	\$78.5 Million	86.2%
October 2021	\$48.2 Million	-16.8%
September 2021	\$57.1 Million	15.8%
August 2021	\$55.1 Million	39.5%
July 2021	\$52.6 Million	-4.2%
June 2021	\$58.9 Million	56.0%
May 2021	\$64.5 Million	164.9%
April 2021	\$64.2 Million	209.2%



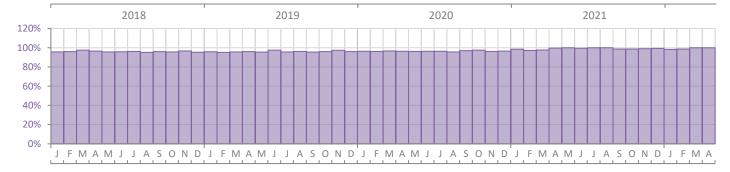
Median Percent of Original List Price Received

The median of the sale price (as a percentage of the original list price) across all properties selling during the month

Economists' note: The Median Percent of Original List Price Received is useful as an indicator of market recovery, since it typically rises as buyers realize that the market may be moving away from them and they need to match the selling price (or better it) in order to get a contract on the house. This is usually the last measure to indicate a market has shifted from down to up, so it is what we would call a *lagging* indicator.

Month	Med. Pct. of Orig. List Price Received	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	99.5%	1.1%
April 2022	100.0%	0.3%
March 2022	100.0%	2.5%
February 2022	98.7%	1.5%
January 2022	98.3%	-0.1%
December 2021	99.3%	2.9%
November 2021	99.0%	2.9%
October 2021	98.6%	1.1%
September 2021	98.7%	1.9%
August 2021	100.0%	4.5%
July 2021	100.0%	3.8%
June 2021	99.4%	3.2%
May 2021	100.0%	4.1%
April 2021	99.7%	3.5%







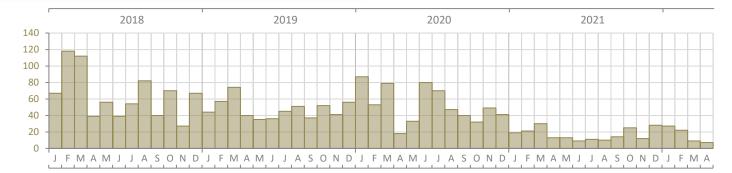
Median Time to Contract

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Month	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	11 Days	-47.6%
April 2022	7 Days	-46.2%
March 2022	9 Days	-70.0%
February 2022	22 Days	4.8%
January 2022	27 Days	42.1%
December 2021	28 Days	-31.7%
November 2021	12 Days	-75.5%
October 2021	25 Days	-21.9%
September 2021	14 Days	-65.0%
August 2021	10 Days	-78.7%
July 2021	11 Days	-84.3%
June 2021	9 Days	-88.8%
May 2021	13 Days	-60.6%
April 2021	13 Days	-27.8%





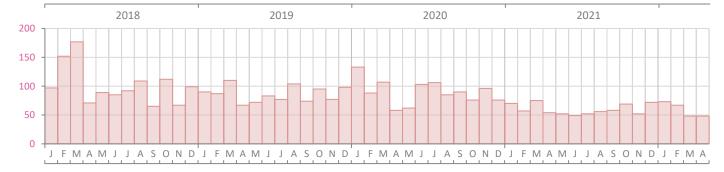
Median Time to Sale

The median number of days between the listing date and closing date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Time to Sale is a measure of the length of the home selling process, calculated as the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the closing of the sale. *Median* Time to Sale is the amount of time the "middle" property selling this month was on the market. That is, 50% of homes selling this month took *less* time to sell, and 50% of homes took *more* time to sell. Median Time to Sale gives a more accurate picture than Average Time to Sale, which can be skewed upward by small numbers of properties taking an abnormally long time to sell.

Median Time to Sale	Percent Change Year-over-Year
52 Days	-14.8%
48 Days	-11.1%
48 Days	-36.0%
67 Days	17.5%
73 Days	4.3%
72 Days	-5.3%
52 Days	-45.8%
69 Days	-9.2%
58 Days	-35.6%
56 Days	-34.1%
52 Days	-50.9%
49 Days	-52.4%
52 Days	-16.1%
54 Days	-6.9%
	52 Days 48 Days 48 Days 67 Days 73 Days 72 Days 52 Days 69 Days 58 Days 56 Days 52 Days 49 Days





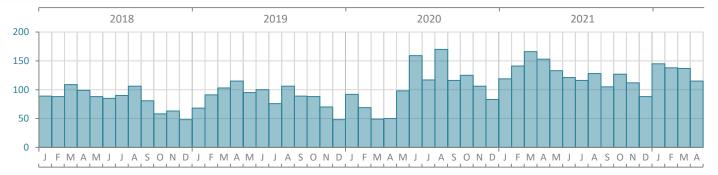


New Pending Sales

The number of listed properties that went under contract during the month

Economists' note: Because of the typical length of time it takes for a sale to close, economists consider Pending Sales to be a decent indicator of potential future Closed Sales. It is important to bear in mind, however, that not all Pending Sales will be closed successfully. So, the effectiveness of Pending Sales as a future indicator of Closed Sales is susceptible to changes in market conditions such as the availability of financing for homebuyers and the inventory of distressed properties for sale.

Month	New Pending Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	535	-7.6%
April 2022	115	-24.8%
March 2022	137	-17.5%
February 2022	138	-2.1%
January 2022	145	21.8%
December 2021	88	6.0%
November 2021	112	5.7%
October 2021	127	1.6%
September 2021	105	-9.5%
August 2021	128	-24.7%
July 2021	116	-0.9%
June 2021	121	-23.9%
May 2021	133	35.7%
April 2021	153	206.0%



New Listings

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really new listings.

Month	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Year-to-Date	519	2.0%
April 2022	140	-2.8%
March 2022	143	4.4%
February 2022	113	-0.9%
January 2022	123	7.9%
December 2021	61	-7.6%
November 2021	88	-2.2%
October 2021	112	9.8%
September 2021	119	17.8%
August 2021	126	-33.0%
July 2021	151	23.8%
June 2021	150	47.1%
May 2021	134	26.4%
April 2021	144	56.5%



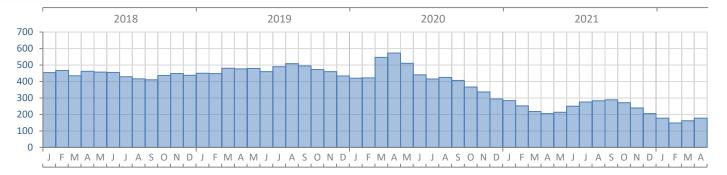


Inventory (Active Listings)

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Month	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	166	-30.8%
April 2022	177	-13.7%
March 2022	162	-25.7%
February 2022	148	-41.3%
January 2022	177	-37.7%
December 2021	205	-30.3%
November 2021	239	-28.9%
October 2021	271	-26.2%
September 2021	289	-28.8%
August 2021	283	-33.4%
July 2021	275	-33.7%
June 2021	250	-43.2%
May 2021	213	-58.2%
April 2021	205	-64.2%



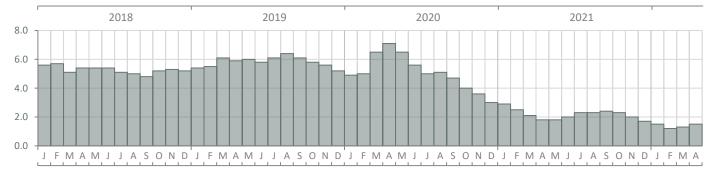
Months Supply of Inventory

An estimate of the number of months it will take to deplete the current Inventory given recent sales rates

Economists' note: MSI is a useful indicator of market conditions. The benchmark for a balanced market (favoring neither buyer nor seller) is 5.5 months of inventory. Anything higher is traditionally a buyers' market, and anything lower is a sellers' market. There is no single accepted way of calculating MSI. A common method is to divide current Inventory by the most recent month's Closed Sales count, but this count is a usually poor predictor of future Closed Sales due to seasonal cycles. To eliminate seasonal effects, we use the 12-month average of monthly Closed Sales instead.

Month	Months Supply	Percent Change Year-over-Year
YTD (Monthly Avg)	1.4	-39.1%
April 2022	1.5	-16.7%
March 2022	1.3	-38.1%
February 2022	1.2	-52.0%
January 2022	1.5	-48.3%
December 2021	1.7	-43.3%
November 2021	2.0	-44.4%
October 2021	2.3	-42.5%
September 2021	2.4	-48.9%
August 2021	2.3	-54.9%
July 2021	2.3	-54.0%
June 2021	2.0	-64.3%
May 2021	1.8	-72.3%
April 2021	1.8	-74.6%





Median Time to Contract

Monthly Market Detail - April 2022 Townhouses and Condos Okaloosa County



Closed Sales by Sale Price

The number of sales transactions which closed during the month

Economists' note: Closed Sales are one of the simplest—yet most important—indicators for the residential real estate market. When comparing Closed Sales across markets of different sizes, we recommend comparing the percent changes in sales rather than the number of sales. Closed Sales (and many other market metrics) are affected by seasonal cycles, so actual trends are more accurately represented by year-over-year changes (i.e. comparing a month's sales to the amount of sales in the same month in the previous year), rather than changes from one month to the next.

Sale Price	Closed Sales	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	0	-100.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-80.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	7	-66.7%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	6	-53.8%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	4	-71.4%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	12	-60.0%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	35	-12.5%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	33	65.0%
\$1,000,000 or more	19	280.0%

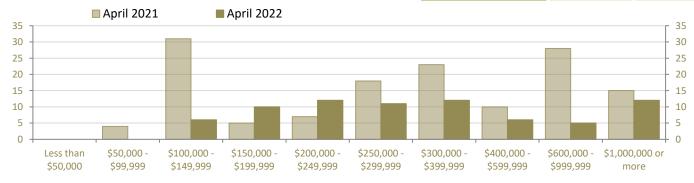


Median Time to Contract by Sale Price

The median number of days between the listing date and contract date for all Closed Sales during the month

Economists' note: Like Time to Sale, Time to Contract is a measure of the length of the home selling process calculated for sales which closed during the month. The difference is that Time to Contract measures the number of days between the initial listing of a property and the signing of the contract which eventually led to the closing of the sale. When the gap between Median Time to Contract and Median Time to Sale grows, it is usually a sign of longer closing times and/or declining numbers of cash sales.

Sale Price	Median Time to Contract	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	(No Sales)	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	(No Sales)	N/A
\$100,000 - \$149,999	6 Days	-80.6%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	10 Days	100.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	12 Days	71.4%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	11 Days	-38.9%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	12 Days	-47.8%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	6 Days	-40.0%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	5 Days	-82.1%
\$1,000,000 or more	12 Days	-20.0%



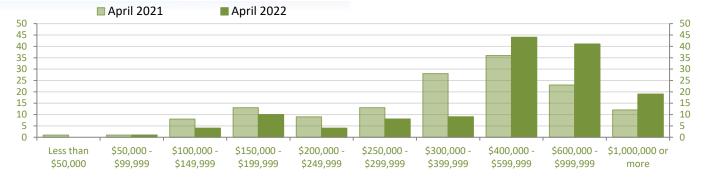


New Listings by Initial Listing Price

The number of properties put onto the market during the month

Economists' note: New Listings tend to rise in delayed response to increasing prices, so they are often seen as a lagging indicator of market health. As prices rise, potential sellers raise their estimations of value—and in the most recent cycle, rising prices have freed up many potential sellers who were previously underwater on their mortgages. Note that in our calculations, we take care to not include properties that were recently taken off the market and quickly relisted, since these are not really *new* listings.

Initial Listing Price	New Listings	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	-100.0%
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	0.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	4	-50.0%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	10	-23.1%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	4	-55.6%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	8	-38.5%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	9	-67.9%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	44	22.2%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	41	78.3%
\$1,000,000 or more	19	58.3%

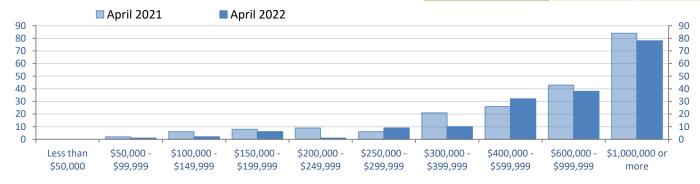


Inventory by Current Listing Price

The number of property listings active at the end of the month

Economists' note: There are a number of ways to define and calculate Inventory. Our method is to simply count the number of active listings on the last day of the month, and hold this number to compare with the same month the following year. Inventory rises when New Listings are outpacing the number of listings that go off-market (regardless of whether they actually sell). Likewise, it falls when New Listings aren't keeping up with the rate at which homes are going off-market.

Current Listing Price	Inventory	Percent Change Year-over-Year
Less than \$50,000	0	N/A
\$50,000 - \$99,999	1	-50.0%
\$100,000 - \$149,999	2	-66.7%
\$150,000 - \$199,999	6	-25.0%
\$200,000 - \$249,999	1	-88.9%
\$250,000 - \$299,999	9	50.0%
\$300,000 - \$399,999	10	-52.4%
\$400,000 - \$599,999	32	23.1%
\$600,000 - \$999,999	38	-11.6%
\$1,000,000 or more	78	-7.1%



Monthly Distressed Market - April 2022 Townhouses and Condos Okaloosa County

\$0K

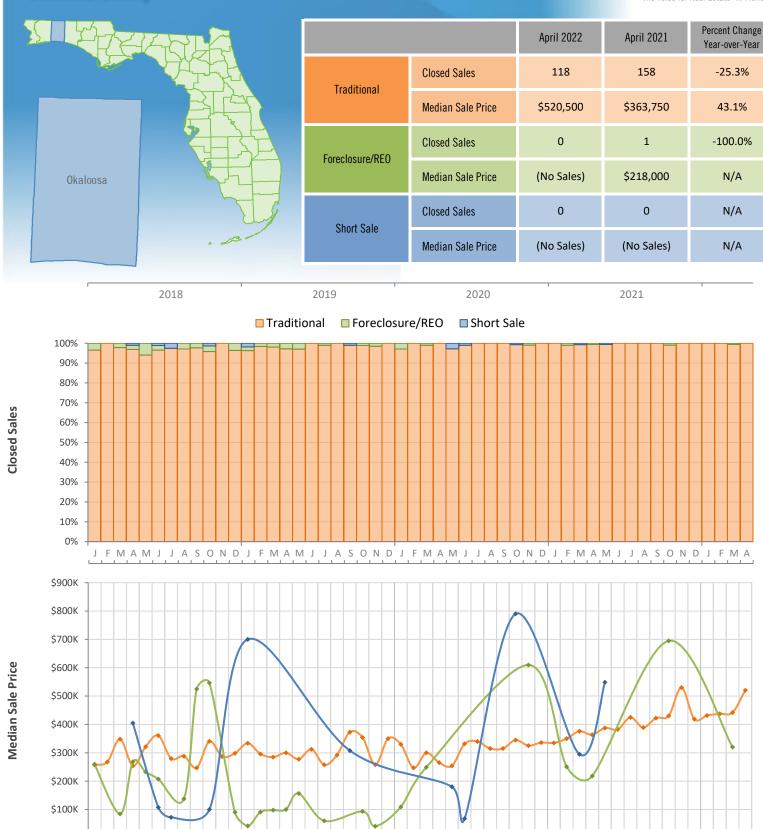
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